

FDMC7570S

N-Channel Power Trench® SyncFET™

25 V, 40 A, 2 mΩ

Features

- Max $r_{DS(on)}$ = 2 mΩ at $V_{GS} = 10$ V, $I_D = 27$ A
- Max $r_{DS(on)}$ = 2.9 mΩ at $V_{GS} = 4.5$ V, $I_D = 21.5$ A
- Advanced Package and Combination for low $r_{DS(on)}$ and high efficiency
- SyncFET Schottky Body Diode
- 100% UIL Tested
- RoHS Compliant

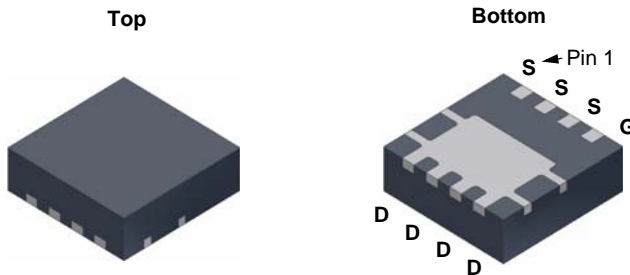


General Description

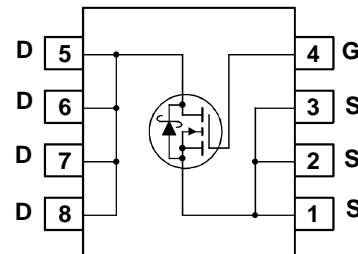
The FDMC7570S has been designed to minimize losses in power conversion application. Advancements in both silicon and package technologies have been combined to offer the lowest $r_{DS(on)}$ while maintaining excellent switching performance. This device has the added benefit of an efficient monolithic Schottky body diode.

Applications

- Synchronous Rectifier for DC/DC Converters
- Notebook Vcore/ GPU low side switch
- Networking Point of Load low side switch
- Telecom secondary side rectification



Power 33



MOSFET Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
V_{DS}	Drain to Source Voltage	25	V
V_{GS}	Gate to Source Voltage (Note 4)	±20	V
I_D	Drain Current -Continuous (Package limited) $T_C = 25$ °C	40	A
	-Continuous (Silicon limited) $T_C = 25$ °C	132	
	-Continuous $T_A = 25$ °C (Note 1a)	27	
	-Pulsed	120	
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (Note 3)	144	mJ
P_D	Power Dissipation $T_C = 25$ °C	59	W
	Power Dissipation $T_A = 25$ °C (Note 1a)	2.3	
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	2.1	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (Note 1a)	53	

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
FDMC7570S	FDMC7570S	Power 33	13 "	12 mm	3000 units

Electrical Characteristics $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
--------	-----------	-----------------	-----	-----	-----	-------

Off Characteristics

BV_{DSS}	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 1\text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	25			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 10\text{ mA}$, referenced to $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		21		mV/°C
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$			500	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate to Source Leakage Current, Forward	$V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			100	nA

On Characteristics

$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 1\text{ mA}$	1.2	1.7	3	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 10\text{ mA}$, referenced to $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		-4		mV/°C
$r_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain to Source On Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 27\text{ A}$		1.6	2	m Ω
		$V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 21.5\text{ A}$		2.4	2.9	
		$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 27\text{ A}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		2.2	2.8	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 5\text{ V}, I_D = 27\text{ A}$		154		S

Dynamic Characteristics

C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 13\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V},$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		3315	4410	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			1010	1345	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			168	255	pF
R_g	Gate Resistance			1.2	2.1	Ω

Switching Characteristics

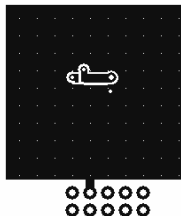
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 13\text{ V}, I_D = 27\text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\text{ }\Omega$		14	26	ns	
t_r	Rise Time			6.8	14	ns	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			34	55	ns	
t_f	Fall Time			4.5	10	ns	
Q_g	Total Gate Charge		$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V to }10\text{ V}$		49	68	nC
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V to }4.5\text{ V}$	$V_{DD} = 13\text{ V}$ $I_D = 27\text{ A}$		22	31	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate to Source Gate Charge				10.8		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge				5.5		nC

Drain-Source Diode Characteristics

V_{SD}	Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = 27\text{ A}$ (Note 2)		0.78	1.2	V
		$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = 2\text{ A}$ (Note 2)		0.43	0.8	
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 27\text{ A}, di/dt = 300\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		30	48	ns
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge				29	46

Notes:

1. $R_{\theta JA}$ is determined with the device mounted on a 1 in^2 pad 2 oz copper pad on a $1.5 \times 1.5\text{ in.}$ board of FR-4 material. $R_{\theta JC}$ is guaranteed by design while $R_{\theta CA}$ is determined by the user's board design.



a. $53\text{ }^\circ\text{C/W}$ when mounted on a 1 in^2 pad of 2 oz copper.



b. $125\text{ }^\circ\text{C/W}$ when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper.

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width < $300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$, Duty cycle < 2.0%.

3. E_{AS} of 144 mJ is based on starting $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 1\text{ mH}$, $I_{AS} = 17\text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 23\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$. 100% test at $L = 0.3\text{ mH}$, $I_{AS} = 25\text{ A}$

4. As an N-ch device, the negative Vgs rating is for lower duty cycle pulse occurrence only. No continuous rating is implied.

Typical Characteristics $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

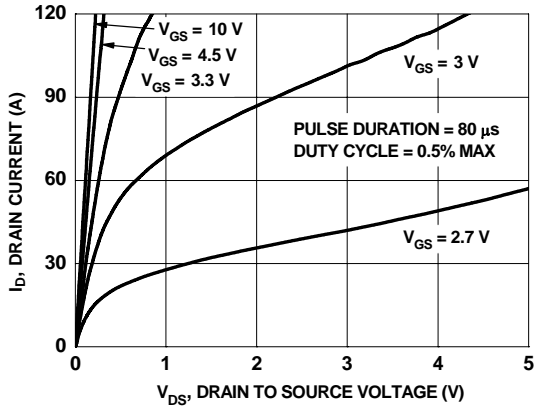


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics

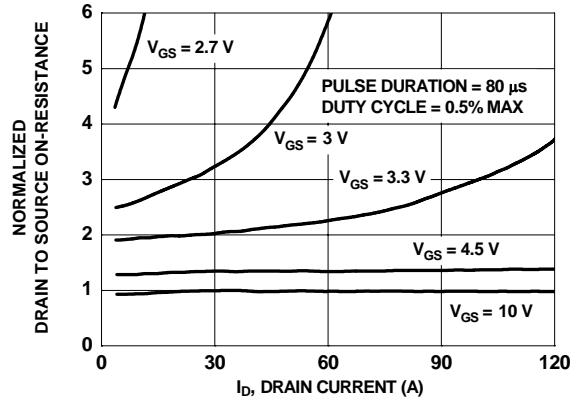


Figure 2. Normalized On-Resistance vs Drain Current and Gate Voltage

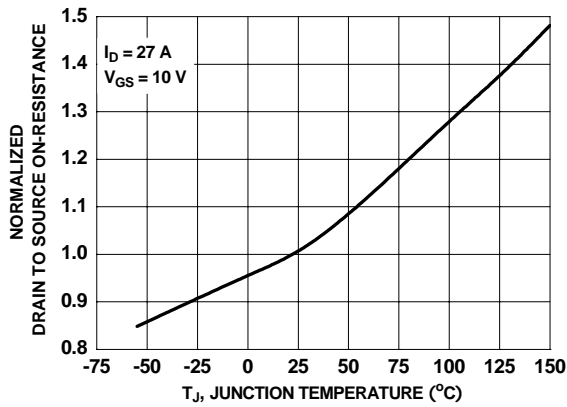


Figure 3. Normalized On-Resistance vs Junction Temperature

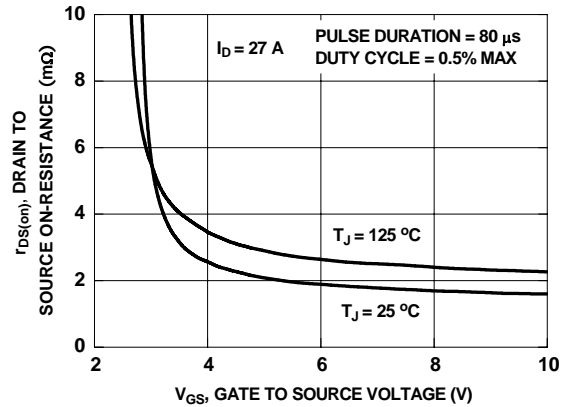


Figure 4. On-Resistance vs Gate to Source Voltage

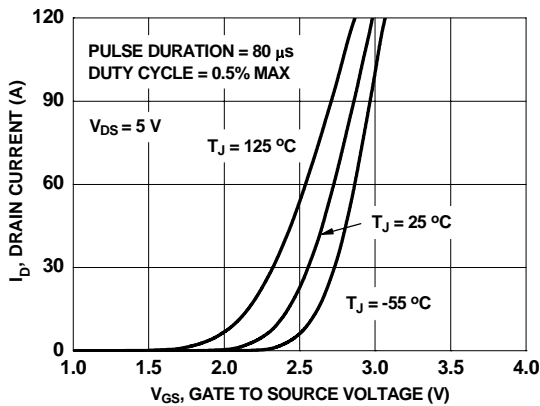


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics

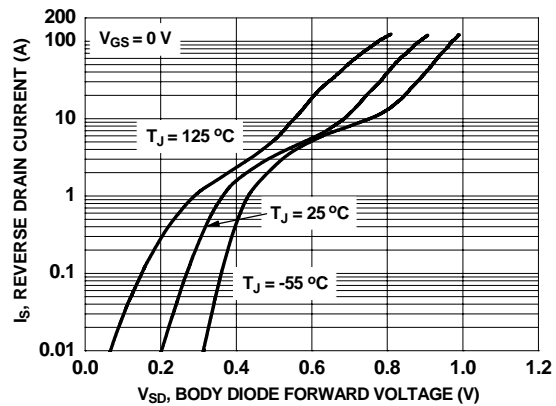


Figure 6. Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage vs Source Current

Typical Characteristics $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

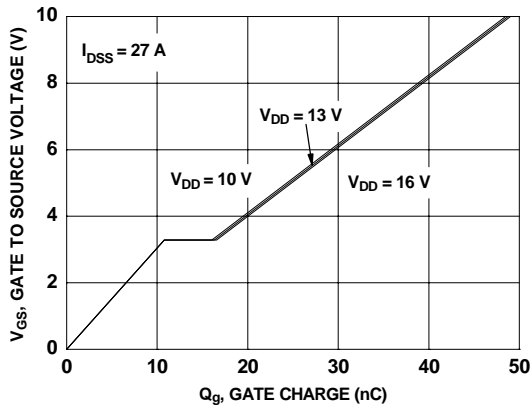


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

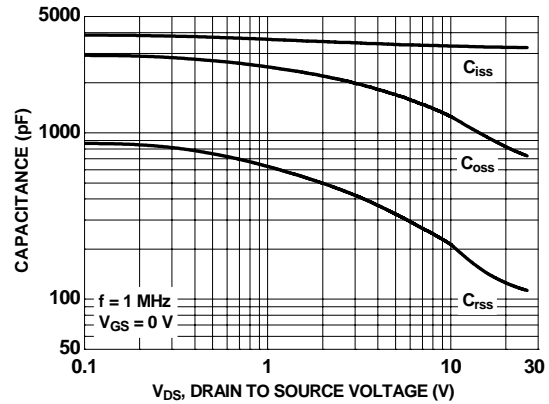


Figure 8. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

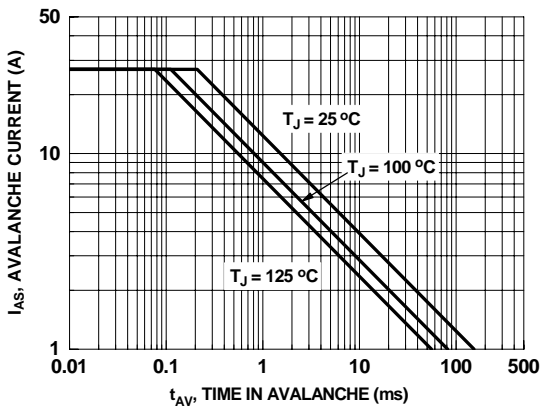


Figure 9. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

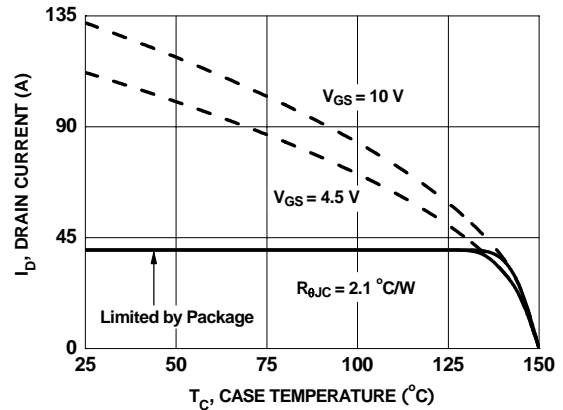


Figure 10. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature

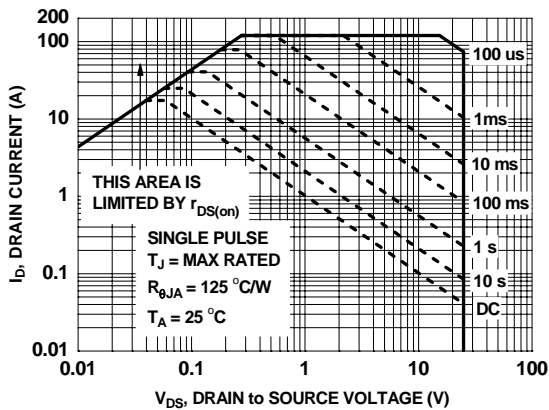


Figure 11. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

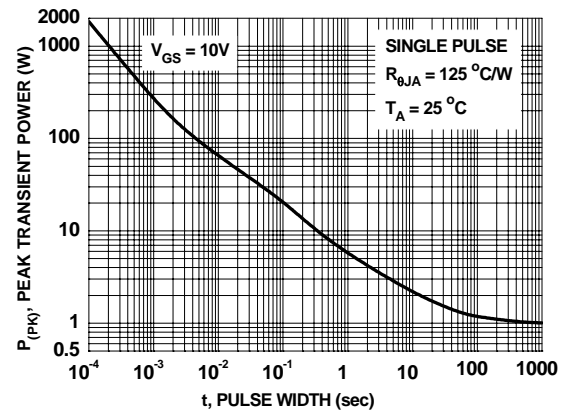


Figure 12. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

Typical Characteristics $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

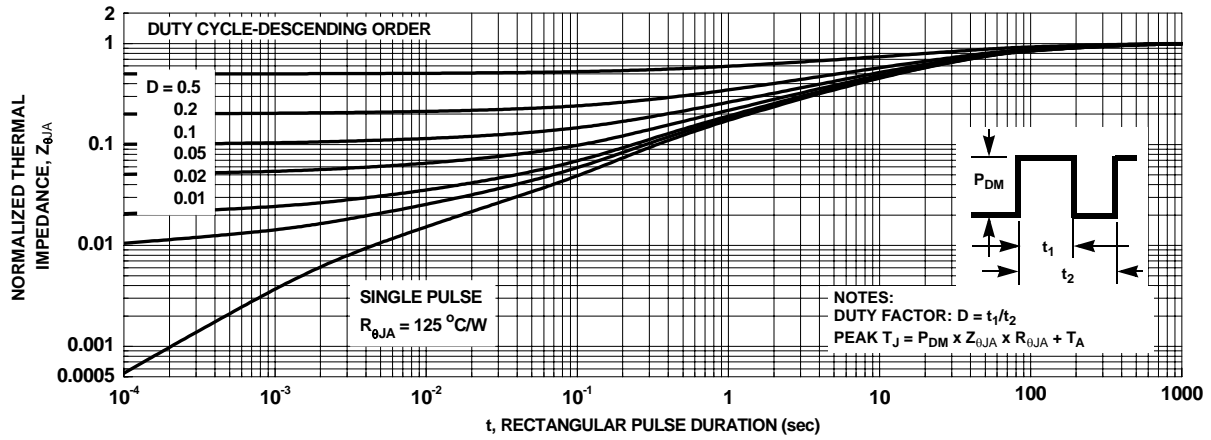


Figure 13. Junction-to-Ambient Transient Thermal Response Curve

Typical Characteristics (continued)

SyncFET Schottky body diode Characteristics

Fairchild's SyncFET process embeds a Schottky diode in parallel with PowerTrench MOSFET. This diode exhibits similar characteristics to a discrete external Schottky diode in parallel with a MOSFET. Figure 14 shows the reverse recovery characteristic of the FDMC7570S.

Schottky barrier diodes exhibit significant leakage at high temperature and high reverse voltage. This will increase the power in the device.

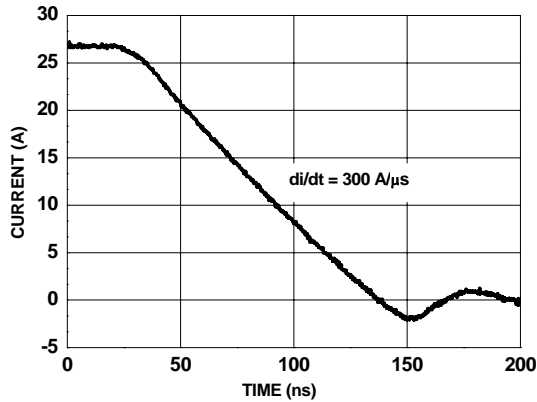


Figure 14. FDMC7570S SyncFET body diode reverse recovery characteristic

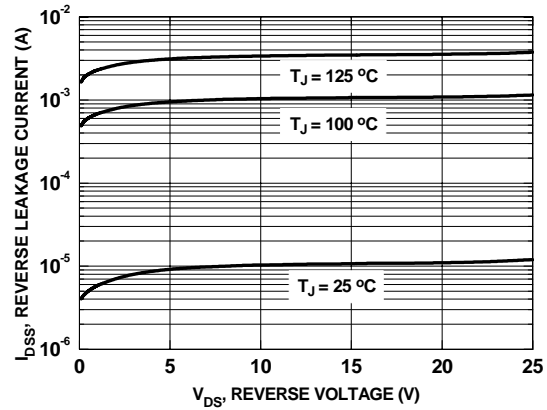
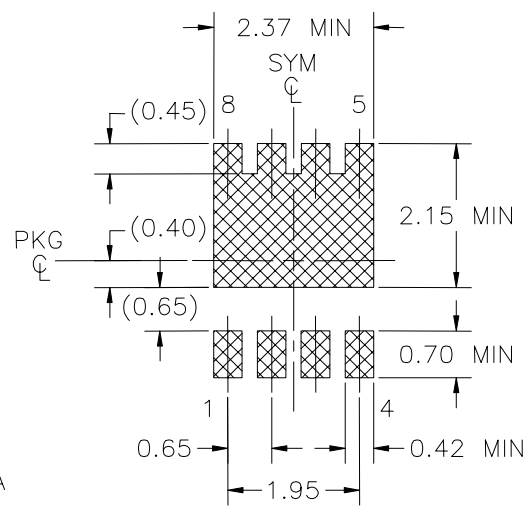
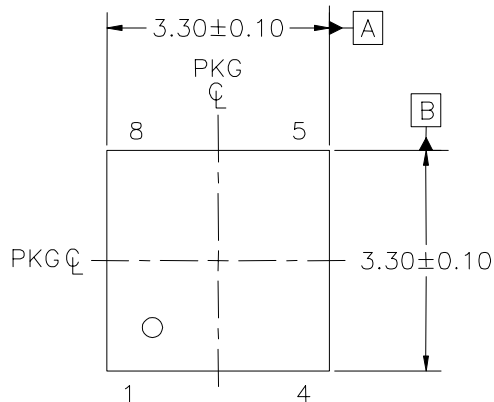
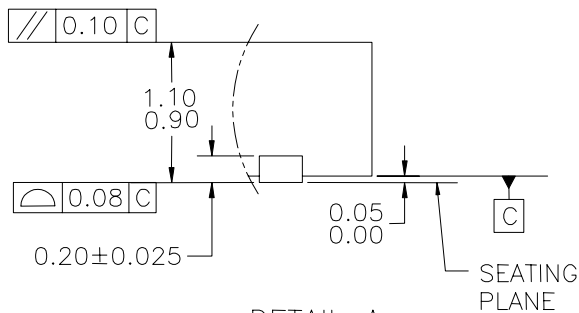
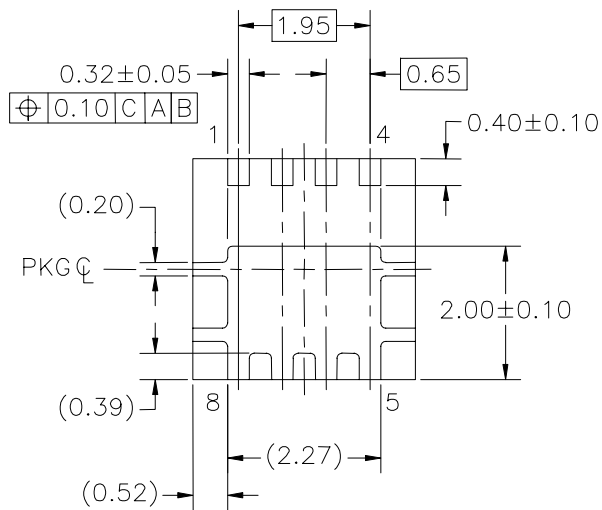
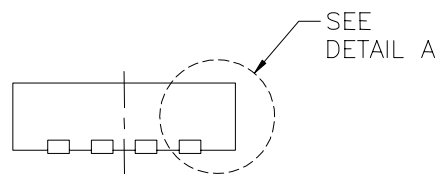


Figure 15. SyncFET body diode reverse leakage versus drain-source voltage

Dimensional Outline and Pad Layout



LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION



NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

- A) PACKAGE STANDARD REFERENCE: JEDEC MO-240, ISSUE A, VAR. BA, DATED OCTOBER 2002.
- B) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C) DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE BURRS OR MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH OR BURRS DOES NOT EXCEED 0.10MM.
- D) DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- E) DRAWING FILE NAME: PQFN08BREV1

PQFN08BREV1



TRADEMARKS

The following includes registered and unregistered trademarks and service marks, owned by Fairchild Semiconductor and/or its global subsidiaries, and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AccuPower™ | FlashWriter®* | Power-SPM™ | <p>SYSTEM GENERAL®*
The Power Franchise®
the power franchise
TinyBoost™
TinyBuck™
TinyCalc™
TinyLogic®
TINYOPTO™
TinyPower™
TinyPWM™
TinyWire™
TriFault Detect™
TRUECURRENT™*
µSerDes™
 SerDes®
UHC®
Ultra FRFET™
UniFET™
VCX™
VisualMax™
XST™</p> |
| Auto-SPM™ | FPS™ | PowerTrench® | |
| Build it Now™ | F-PFS™ | PowerXST™ | |
| CorePLUS™ | FRFET® | Programmable Active Droop™ | |
| CorePOWER™ | Global Power Resource SM | QFET® | |
| CROSSVOLT™ | Green FPS™ | QS™ | |
| CTL™ | Green FPS™ e-Series™ | Quiet Series™ | |
| Current Transfer Logic™ | Gmax™ | RapidConfigure™ | |
| DEUXPEED® | GTO™ | Saving our world, 1mW/W/kW at a time™ | |
| Dual Cool™ | IntelliMAX™ | SignalWise™ | |
| EcoSPARK® | ISOPANAR™ | SmartMax™ | |
| EfficientMax™ | MegaBuck™ | SMART START™ | |
| EZSWITCH™* | MICROCOUPLER™ | SPM® | |
| Fairchild® | MicroFET™ | STEALTH™ | |
| Fairchild Semiconductor® | MicroPak™ | SuperFET™ | |
| FACT Quiet Series™ | MillerDrive™ | SuperSOT™-3 | |
| FACT® | MotionMax™ | SuperSOT™-6 | |
| FAST® | Motion-SPM™ | SuperSOT™-8 | |
| FastvCore™ | OPTOLOGIC® | SupreMOS™ | |
| FETBench™ | OPTOPLANAR® | SyncFET™ | |
| | PDP SPM™ | Sync-Lock™ | |

*Trademarks of System General Corporation, used under license by Fairchild Semiconductor.

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION, OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS. THESE SPECIFICATIONS DO NOT EXPAND THE TERMS OF FAIRCHILD'S WORLDWIDE TERMS AND CONDITIONS, SPECIFICALLY THE WARRANTY THEREIN, WHICH COVERS THESE PRODUCTS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user.
2. A critical component in any component of a life support, device, or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

ANTI-COUNTERFEITING POLICY

Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy. Fairchild's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy is also stated on our external website, www.Fairchildsemi.com, under Sales Support. Counterfeiting of semiconductor parts is a growing problem in the industry. All manufactures of semiconductor products are experiencing counterfeiting of their parts. Customers who inadvertently purchase counterfeit parts experience many problems such as loss of brand reputation, substandard performance, failed application, and increased cost of production and manufacturing delays. Fairchild is taking strong measures to protect ourselves and our customers from the proliferation of counterfeit parts. Fairchild strongly encourages customers to purchase Fairchild parts either directly from Fairchild or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors who are listed by country on our web page cited above. Products customers buy either from Fairchild directly or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors are genuine parts, have full traceability, meet Fairchild's quality standards for handling and storage and provide access to Fairchild's full range of up-to-date technical and product information. Fairchild and our Authorized Distributors will stand behind all warranties and will appropriately address and warranty issues that may arise. Fairchild will not provide any warranty coverage or other assistance for parts bought from Unauthorized Sources. Fairchild is committed to combat this global problem and encourage our customers to do their part in stopping this practice by buying direct or from authorized distributors.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative / In Design	Datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	Datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	Datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve the design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

[Fairchild Semiconductor:](#)

[FDMC7570S](#)