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## FSA2267 I FSA2267A

### 0.35 Low-Voltage Dual-SPDT Analog Switch

## Features

- Typical $0.35 \Omega$ On Resistance $\left(R_{\mathrm{ON}}\right)$ for +2.7 V Supply
- FSA2267A Features $<10 \mu \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CCT}}$ Current when S Input is Lower than $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$
- $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ Fatness for +2.7 V Supply: $0.25 \Omega$ Maximum
- $1.6 \mathrm{~mm} \times 2.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ 10-Lead MicroPak ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ Package
- Broad $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ Operating Range
- Low THD (0.02\% Typical for $32 \Omega$ Load)
- High Current Handling Capability ( 350 mA Continuous Current <3.3V Supply)


## Applications

- Cell phone
- PDA
- Portable Media Player


## Description

The FSA2267 and FSA2267A are Dual Single Pole Double Throw (SPDT) analog switches. The FSA2267 operates from a single 1.65 V to 3.6 V supply, while the FSA2267A operates from a single 2.3 V to 4.3 V supply. Each features an ultra-low On Resistance of $0.35 \Omega$ at a +2.7 V supply and $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Both devices are fabricated with sub-micron CMOS technology to achieve fast switching speeds and designed for break-before-make operation.
FSA2267A features very low quiescent current, even when the control voltage is lower than the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ supply. This feature services the mobile handset applications very well, allowing for the direct interface with baseband processor general-purpose I/Os.

Ordering Information

| Order Number | Top Mark | Package Description | Packing Method |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FSA2267L10X | FC | 10-Lead MicroPak, $1.6 \times 2.1 \mathrm{~mm}$, JEDEC MO-255 | 5000 Units on Tape <br> and Reel |
| FSA2267AL10X | FD | 10-Lead MicroPak, $1.6 \times 2.1 \mathrm{~mm}$, JEDEC MO-255 | 5000 Units on Tape <br> and Reel |
| FSA2267AMUX | FSA <br> 2267A | 10-Lead Molded Small Outline Package (MSOP), <br> JEDEC MO-187, 3.0mm Wide | 4000 Units on Tape <br> and Reel |



Figure 1. Application Diagram

## Analog Symbols



Figure 2. Analog Symbol

## Connections Diagram



Figure 3. 10-Lead MSOP


Figure 4. 10-Lead Micropak

## Truth Table

| Control Input(s) | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| LOW Logic Level | $\mathrm{B}_{0}$ Connected to A |
| HIGH Logic Level | $\mathrm{B}_{1}$ Connected to A |

## Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1,2,3,4,6,9$ | $1 \mathrm{~B}_{0}, 1 \mathrm{~B}_{1}, 2 \mathrm{~B}_{0}, 2 \mathrm{~B}_{1}, 2 \mathrm{~A}, 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | Data Ports |
| 8,7 | $1 \mathrm{~S}, 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | Control Input |
| 10 | VCC | Supply Voltage |
| 5 | GND | Ground |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only..

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Voltage | -0.5 | +5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | Switch Voltage $^{(1)}$ | -0.5 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5$ | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}$ | Control Input Voltage $^{(1)}$ | -0.5 | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {IK }}$ | Input Diode Current ${ }^{(2)}$ | -50 |  | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SW }}$ | Switch Current |  | 350 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SWPEAK }}$ | Peak Switch Current <br> (Pulsed at 1ms Duration, <10\% Duty Cycle) |  | 500 | mA |
|  | Storage Temperature Range | -65 | +150 | ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ | Maximum Junction Temperature |  | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 Seconds) |  | +260 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| ESD | Human Body Model: FSA2267 | 7500 | V |  |
|  | Human Body Model, JESD22-A114:FSA2267A | 7000 | V |  |
|  | Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101: <br> FSA2267/FSA2267A | 1000 | V |  |

## Notes:

1. The input and output negative voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output diode current ratings are observed.
2. Minimums define the acceptable range of current. Negative current should not exceed minimun negative values.

## Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to absolute maximum ratings.

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Voltage |  |  | V |
|  | FSA2267 | 1.65 | 3.6 | V |
|  | FSA2267A | 2.3 | 4.3 |  |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | Control Input Voltage ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}$ | Switch Input Voltage | 0 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating Temperature | -40 | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Note:

3. Unused inputs must be held HIGH or LOW. They may not float.

## ESD Protection

## ESD Performance of the FSA2267IFSA2267A

## FSA2267

? HBM all pins 7.0kV
? CDM all pins 1.0 kV
FSA2267A
? HBM all pins 7.5 kV
? CDM all pins 1.0 kV

## Human Body Model

Figure 5 shows the schematic representation of the Human Body Model ESD event. Figure 6 is the ideal waveform representation of the Human Body Model. The device is tested to JEDEC: JESD22-A114 Human Body Model.

## Charged Device Model

In manufacturing test and handling environments, a more useful model is the Charged Device Model and the FSA2267/FSA2267A has a very good ESD immunity to this model. The device is tested to JEDEC: JESD22C101 Charged Device Model.

## IEC 61000-4-2

The IEC 61000-4-2 standard covers ESD testing and performance of finished equipment and evaluates the equipment in its entirety for ESD immunity. Fairchild Semiconductor has evaluated this device using the IEC 6100-4-2 representative system model depicted in Figure 7.

ESD values measured via the IEC 61000-4-2 evaluation method are influenced by the specific board layout, board size, and many other factors of the manufacturer's product application. Measured system ESD values cannot be guaranteed by Fairchild Semiconductor to exactly correlate to a manufacturer's in-house testing due to these application environment variables. Fairchild Semiconductor has been able to determine that, for ultra-portable applications, an enhanced ESD immunity, relative to the IEC 61000-4-2 specification, can be achieved with the inclusion of a $100 \Omega$-series resistor in the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ supply path to the analog switch (see Figure 8). Typical improvements of between $3-6 \mathrm{kV}$ of ESD immunity (I/O to GND) have been measured with the inclusion of the resistor with the IEC 61000-4-2 representative model. For more information on ESD testing methodologies, please refer to:
AN-6019 Fairchild Analog Switch Products ESD Test Methodology Overview
http://www.fairchildsemi.com/an/AN/AN-6019.pdf.

## Additional ESD Test Conditions

For information regarding test methodologies and performance levels, please contact Fairchild Semiconductor.


Figure 5. Human Body ESD Test Model


Figure 6. HBM Current Waveform


Figure 7. IEC 61000-4-2 ESD Test Model


Figure 8. ESD Immunity with $100 \Omega$ Resistor

FSA2267 DC Electrical Characteristics
All typical values are at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40 \text { to } \\ +85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (V) | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Input Voltage High |  | 2.7 to 3.6 |  |  |  | 2.0 |  | V |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  |  |  | 1.7 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 to 1.95 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.65 \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{Cc}} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | Input Voltage Low |  | 2.7 to 3.6 |  |  |  |  | 0.8 | V |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  |  |  |  | 0.7 |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 to 1.95 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.35 \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{Cc}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | Control Input Leakage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | 1.65 to 3.6 |  |  |  | -0.5 | 0.5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {NO(OFF) }}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{OFF})}$ | Off-Leakage Current of Port $\mathrm{nB}_{0}$ and $\mathrm{nB}_{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nA}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 3.3 \mathrm{~V} \text { or floating } \end{aligned}$ | 3.6 | -5.0 |  | 5.0 | -50 | 50 | nA |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nA}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 2.4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 2.4 \mathrm{~V} \text { or floating } \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 | -5.0 |  | 5.0 | -50 | 50 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nA}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 1.65 \mathrm{~V} \text { or floating } \end{aligned}$ | 1.95 | -5.0 |  | 5.0 | -50 | 50 |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | On Leakage Current of Port 1A and 2A | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nA}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 3.3 \mathrm{~V} \text { or floating } \end{aligned}$ | 3.6 | -5.0 |  | 5.0 | -50 | 50 | nA |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nA}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 2.4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 2.4 \mathrm{~V} \text { or floating } \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 | -5.0 |  | 5.0 | -50 | 50 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nA}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 1.65 \mathrm{~V} \text { or floating } \end{aligned}$ | 1.95 | -5.0 |  | 5.0 | -50 | 50 |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | Switch On Resistance ${ }^{(4)}$ See Figure 9 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Iout }^{1} 100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0 \mathrm{~V}, 0.7 \mathrm{~V}, 2.0 \mathrm{~V}, 2.7 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 |  | 0.35 |  |  | 0.60 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lout }=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0 \mathrm{~V}, 0.7 \mathrm{~V}, 1.6 \mathrm{~V}, 2.3 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 2.3 |  | 0.45 |  |  | 0.75 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0.8 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 1.65 |  | 1.0 |  |  | 3.9 |  |
| $\Delta \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | On Resistance Matching Between Channels ${ }^{(5)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lout }=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0.7 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 |  | 0.040 |  |  | 0.075 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | 2.3 |  | 0.040 |  |  | 0.080 |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {FLAT(ON) }}$ | On Resistance Flatness ${ }^{(6)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lout }=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 |  |  |  |  | 0.25 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | 2.3 |  |  |  |  | 0.3 |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 |  | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Quiescent Supply Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT }}=0 \mathrm{~A}$ | 3.6 | -100 |  | 100 | -500 | 500 | nA |

## Notes:

4. On resistance is determined by the voltage drop between $A$ and $B$ pins at the indicated current through the switch.
5. $\Delta \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}=\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ONmax}}-\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON} \text { min }}$ measured at identical $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, temperature, and voltage.
6. Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ over the specified range of conditions.

FSA2267A DC Electrical Characteristics
All typical values are at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40 \text { to } \\ +85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (V) | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ | Input Voltage High |  | 3.6 to 4.3 |  |  |  | 1.7 |  | V |
|  |  |  | 2.7 to 3.6 |  |  |  | 1.5 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  |  |  | 1.4 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | Input Voltage Low |  | 3.6 to 4.3 |  |  |  |  | 0.7 | V |
|  |  |  | 2.7 to 3.6 |  |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  |  |  |  | 0.4 |  |
| I IN | Control Input Leakage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | 2.3 to 4.3 |  |  |  | -0.5 | 0.5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{OFF})}$, <br> $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{OFF})}$ | Off-Leakage Current of Port $\mathrm{nB}_{0}$ and $\mathrm{nB}_{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nA}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 4.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =4.0 \mathrm{~V}, 0.3 \mathrm{~V} \text { or floating } \end{aligned}$ | 4.3 | -10.0 |  | 10.0 | -100 | 100 | nA |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nA}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 3.3 \mathrm{~V} \text { or floating } \end{aligned}$ | 3.6 | -5.0 |  | 5.0 | -50 | 50 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{nA}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 2.4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1}=$ $0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 2.4 \mathrm{~V}$ or floating | 2.7 | -5.0 |  | 5.0 | -50 | 50 |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {A(ON })}$ | On Leakage Current of Port 1A and 2A | $\mathrm{nA}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 4.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1}=$ $0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 4.0 \mathrm{~V}$ or floating | 4.3 | -20.0 |  | 20.0 | -200 | 200 | nA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{nA}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{nB}_{0}$ or $\mathrm{nB}_{1}=$ $0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ or floating | 3.6 | -5.0 |  | 5.0 | -50 | 50 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nA}=0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0.3 \mathrm{~V}, 3.3 \mathrm{~V} \text { or floating } \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 | -5.0 |  | 5.0 | -50 | 50 |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | Switch On Resistance ${ }^{(7)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0 \mathrm{~V}, 0.7 \mathrm{~V}, 3.6 \mathrm{~V}, 4.3 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 4.3 |  | 0.35 |  |  | 0.6 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0 \mathrm{~V}, 0.7 \mathrm{~V}, 2.3 \mathrm{~V}, 3.0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 3.0 |  | 0.35 |  |  | 0.6 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OUT}}=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1} \\ & =0 \mathrm{~V}, 0.7 \mathrm{~V}, 2.0 \mathrm{~V}, 2.7 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 |  | 0.35 |  |  | 0.6 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OUT}}=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{nB}_{0}$ or $\mathrm{nB}_{1}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.65 |  | 1.0 |  |  |  |  |
| $\Delta \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | On Resistance Matching Between Channels ${ }^{(8)}$ See Figure 10 | $\mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT }}=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{nB}_{0}$ or $\mathrm{nB}_{1}=0.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4.3 |  | 0.04 |  |  | 0.075 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | 3.0 |  | 0.04 |  |  | 0.075 |  |
|  |  |  | 2.7 |  | 0.04 |  |  | 0.075 |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {FLAT(ON) }}$ | On Resistance Flatness ${ }^{(9)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lout }=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{nB}_{0} \text { or } \mathrm{nB}_{1}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { to } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \end{aligned}$ | 4.3 |  | 0.15 |  |  | 0.25 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  |  | 3.0 |  | 0.15 |  |  | 0.25 |  |
|  |  |  | 2.7 |  | 0.15 |  |  | 0.25 |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 |  | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Quiescent Supply Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OUT}}=0 \mathrm{~A}$ | 4.3 | -100 | 80 | 100 | -500 | 500 | nA |
| $I_{\text {CCT }}$ | Increase in $\mathrm{I}_{\text {CC }}$ per Input | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4.3 |  | 7.0 | 10.0 |  | 15.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.6 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 0.5 | 2.0 |  | 7.0 |  |

## Notes:

7. On resistance is determined by the voltage drop between $A$ and $B$ pins at the indicated current through the switch.
8. $\Delta \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}=\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ONmax}}-\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ONmin}}$ measured at identical $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, temperature, and voltage.
9. Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ over the specified range of conditions.

FSA2267 AC Electrical Characteristics
All typical values are at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ <br> (V) | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40 \text { to } \\ +85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ |  | Units | Figure Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | Turn-On Time | $\begin{aligned} & n B_{0} \text { or } n B_{1}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & R_{L}=50 \Omega, C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | 30.0 | 38.0 |  | 42.0 | ns | Figure 11 |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 29.0 | 37.0 |  | 40.0 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 to 1.95 |  | 27.0 | 35.0 |  | 38.0 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {OFF }}$ | Turn-Off Time | $\begin{aligned} & n B_{0} \text { or } n B_{1}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & R_{L}=50 \Omega, C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | 13.0 | 16.0 |  | 18.0 | ns | Figure 11 |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 14.0 | 18.0 |  | 20.0 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 to 1.95 |  | 15.0 | 21.0 |  | 25.0 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {BBM }}$ | Break-BeforeMake Time | $\begin{aligned} & n B_{0} \text { or } n B_{1}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & R_{L}=50 \Omega, C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | 17.0 |  | 2.0 |  | ns | Figure 12 |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 15.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 to 1.95 |  | 12.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |
| Q | Charge Injection | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0 \Omega \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | 9.0 |  |  |  | pC | Figure 14 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0 \Omega \end{aligned}$ | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 9.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0 \Omega \end{aligned}$ | 1.65 to 1.95 |  | 9.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| OIRR | Off Isolation | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{pF} \\ & (\text { Stray }) \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | -80.0 |  |  |  | dB | Figure 13 |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | -80.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 to 1.95 |  | -80.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Xtalk | Crosstalk | $\begin{aligned} & f=100 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{pF} \\ & (\text { Stray }) \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | -80.0 |  |  |  | dB | Figure 13 |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | -80.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 to 1.95 |  | -80.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| BW | -3db Bandwidth | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega$ | 1.65 to 3.6 |  | 45.0 |  |  |  | MHz | Figure 16 |
| THD | Total Harmonic Distortion | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=32 \Omega, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pk} \text {-pk }}, \\ & \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | 0.024 |  |  |  | \% | Figure 17 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=32 \Omega, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pk}-\mathrm{pk}}, \\ & \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 0.015 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & R_{\mathrm{L}}=32 \Omega, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pk}-\mathrm{pk}}, \\ & \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ | 1.65 to 1.95 |  | 0.35 |  |  |  |  |  |

FSA2267A AC Electrical Characteristics
All typical value are at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ <br> (V) | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40 \text { to } \\ +85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ |  | Units | Figure <br> Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Max. |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | Turn-On Time | $\begin{aligned} & n B_{0} \text { or } n B_{1}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & R_{L}=50 \Omega, C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ | 3.6 to 4.3 |  | 37.0 | 46.0 |  | 48.0 | ns | Figure 11 |
|  |  |  | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | 37.0 | 50.0 |  | 57.0 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 |  | 570 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {OFF }}$ | Turn-Off Time | $\begin{aligned} & n B_{0} \text { or } n B_{1}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & R_{L}=50 \Omega, C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ | 3.6 to 4.3 |  | 15.0 | 23.0 |  | 25.0 | ns | Figure 11 |
|  |  |  | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | 16.0 | 30.0 |  | 30.0 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 50.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1.65 |  | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {BBM }}$ | Break-Before- <br> Make Time | $\begin{aligned} & n B_{0} \text { or } n B_{1}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & R_{L}=50 \Omega, C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ | 3.6 to 4.3 |  | 8.0 |  | 2.0 |  | ns | Figure 12 |
|  |  |  | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | 8.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 8.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |
| Q | Charge Injection | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0 \Omega \end{aligned}$ | 3.6 to 4.3 |  | 24.0 |  |  |  | pC | Figure 14 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0 \Omega \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | 24.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0 \Omega \end{aligned}$ | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 24.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| OIRR | Off Isolation | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, C_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \text { (Stray) } \end{aligned}$ | 3.6 to 4.3 |  | -75.0 |  |  |  | dB | Figure 13 |
|  |  |  | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | -75.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | -75.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Xtalk | Crosstalk | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega, C_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \text { (Stray) } \end{aligned}$ | 3.6 to 4.3 |  | -70.0 |  |  |  | dB | Figure 13 |
|  |  |  | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | -70.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | -70.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| BW | -3db Bandwidth | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega$ | 2.3 to 4.3 |  | 45.0 |  |  |  | MHz | Figure 16 |
| THD | Total Harmonic Distortion | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=32 \Omega, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pk} \text {-pk }}, \\ & \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ | 3.6 to 4.3 |  | 0.02 |  |  |  | \% | Figure 17 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & R_{\mathrm{L}}=32 \Omega, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pk}-\mathrm{pk}}, \\ & \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | 0.02 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & R_{L}=32 \Omega, V_{I N}=1.2 V_{p k-p k}, \\ & f=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 0.02 |  |  |  |  |  |

Typical Characteristics


Figure 9. $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ at $\mathbf{2 . 7 V}$ for FSA2267


Figure 10. $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ at 2.7V for FSA2267A

## AC Loading and Waveforms


$C_{L}$ includes Fixture and Stray Capacitance.


Logic input waveforms are inverted for switches with opposite logic sense.


$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { OFF-ISOLATION }=20 \log \frac{V_{O U T}}{V_{I N}} \\
\text { ON-LOSS }=20 \log \frac{V_{O U T}}{V_{I N}} \\
\text { CROSSTALK - } 20 \log \frac{V_{O U T}}{V_{I N}}
\end{array}
$$


$C_{L}$ Includes Fixture and Stray Capacitance
Figure 12. Break-Before-Make Timing

Figure 13. Off Isolation and Crosstalk

AC Loading and Waveforms (Continued)


$$
\mathrm{Q}=(\mathrm{DV} \mathrm{OUT})\left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}\right)
$$

Figure 14. Charge Injection


Figure 15. On/Off Capacitance Measurement Setup


Figure 16. Bandwidth


Figure 17. Harmonic Distortion

## Physical Dimensions



Figure 18. 10-Lead, MicroPak ${ }^{\text {TM }}, 1.6 \times 2.1 \mathrm{~mm}$

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http://www.fairchildsemi.com/products/logic/pdf/micropak tr.pdf.
```


## Physical Dimensions



Figure 19. Pb-Free, 10-Lead, Molded Small Outline Package (MSOP), JEDEC MO-187, 3.0mm Wide

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