

1Mbit SPI Serial SRAM with SDI and SQI Interface

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	Temp. Ranges	Dual I/O (SDI)	Quad I/O (SQI)	Max. Clock Frequency	Packages
23A1024	1.7-2.2V	I, E	Yes	Yes	20 MHz ⁽¹⁾	SN, ST, P
23LC1024	2.5-5.5V	I, E	Yes	Yes	20 MHz ⁽¹⁾	SN, ST, P

Note 1: 16 MHz for E-temp.

Features:

- · SPI-Compatible Bus Interface:
 - 20 MHz Clock rate
 - SPI/SDI/SQI mode
- Low-Power CMOS Technology:
 - Read Current: 3 mA at 5.5V, 20 MHz
 - Standby Current: 4 μA at +85°C
- · Unlimited Read and Write Cycles
- · Zero Write Time
- 128K x 8-bit Organization:
 - 32-byte page
- Byte, Page and Sequential mode for Reads and Writes
- · High Reliability
- Temperature Ranges Supported:
 - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
 - Automotive (E): -40°C to +125°C
- RoHS Compliant
- 8 Lead SOIC, TSSOP and PDIP Packages

Pin Function Table

Name	Function			
CS	Chip Select Input			
SO/SIO1	Serial Output/SDI/SQI Pin			
SIO2	SQI Pin			
Vss	Ground			
SI/SIO0	Serial Input/SDI/SQI Pin			
SCK	Serial Clock			
HOLD/SIO3	Hold/SQI Pin			
Vcc	Power Supply			

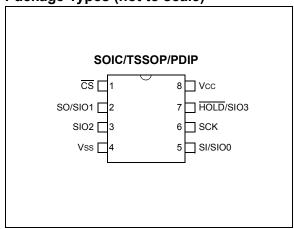
Description:

The Microchip Technology Inc. 23A1024/23LC1024are 1 Mbit Serial SRAM devices. The memory is accessed via a simple Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) compatible serial bus. The bus signals required are a clock input (SCK) plus separate data in (SI) and data out (SO) lines. Access to the device is controlled through a Chip Select (\overline{CS}) input. Additionally, SDI (Serial Dual Interface) and SQI (Serial Quad Interface) is supported if your application needs faster data rates.

This device also supports unlimited reads and writes to the memory array.

The 23A1024/23LC1024 is available in standard packages including 8-lead SOIC, PDIP and advanced 8-lead TSSOP.

Package Types (not to scale)



1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings (†)

Vcc	6.5V
All inputs and outputs w.r.t. Vss	-0.3V to Vcc +0.3V
Storage temperature	65°C to +150°C
Ambient temperature under bias	40°C to +125°C

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for an extended period of time may affect device reliability.

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): $TA = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ Automotive (E): $TA = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$					
Param. No.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions	
D001	Vcc	Supply voltage	1.7 2.5	_	2.2 5.5	V	23A1024 23LC1024	
D002	Vih	High-level input voltage	0.7 Vcc	_	Vcc + 0.3	V	—	
D003	VIL	Low-level input voltage	-0.3	_	0.2 Vcc 0.1 Vcc	V	23A1024 23LC1024	
D004	Vol	Low-level output voltage	—	_	0.2	V	IOL = 1 mA	
D005	Vон	High-level output voltage	Vcc - 0.5	_	—	V	Іон = -400 μА	
D006	ILI	Input leakage current		—	±1	μA	CS = VCC, VIN = VSS OR VCC	
D007	Ilo	Output leakage current	—	—	±1	μA	CS = Vcc, Vout = Vss or Vcc	
D008	Icc Read	Operating current	—	1 3	10 10	mA mA	Fclk = 20 MHz; SO = 0, 2.2V Fclk = 20 MHz; SO = 0, 5.5V	
D009	Iccs	Standby current	—	1	4	μA	CS = Vcc = 2.2V, Inputs tied to Vcc or Vss, I-Temp	
			—	—	12	μA	\overline{CS} = Vcc = 2.2V, Inputs tied to Vcc or Vss, E-Temp	
			—	4	10	μA	\overline{CS} = Vcc = 5.5V, Inputs tied to Vcc or Vss, I-Temp	
			-	—	20	μA	CS= Vcc = 5.5V, Inputs tied toVcc or Vss, E-Temp	
D010	CINT	Input capacitance	—	_	7	pF	Vcc = 5.0V, f = 1 MHz, TA = 25°C (Note 1)	
D011	Vdr	RAM data retention voltage	_	1.0	—	V	(Note 2)	

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

2: This is the limit to which Vcc can be lowered without losing RAM data. This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

3: Typical measurements taken at room temperature.

		Industrial (I): $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ Automotive (E): $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$					
Param. No.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions	
1	FCLK	Clock frequency	—	20 16	MHz	I-Temp E-Temp	
2	Tcss	CS setup time	25 32	—	ns	I-Temp E-Temp	
3	Тсѕн	CS hold time	50		ns	—	
4	TCSD	CS disable time	25 32	—	ns	I-Temp E-Temp	
5	Tsu	Data setup time	10		ns	—	
6	THD	Data hold time	10		ns	—	
7	TR	CLK rise time	—	20	ns	(Note 1)	
8	TF	CLK fall time	—	20	ns	(Note 1)	
9	Тні	Clock high time	25 32	—	ns	I-Temp E-Temp	
10	Tlo	Clock low time	25 32	—	ns	I-Temp E-Temp	
11	TCLD	Clock delay time	25 32	_	ns	I-Temp E-Temp	
12	Τv	Output valid from clock low	_	25 32	ns	I-Temp E-Temp	
13	Тно	Output hold time	0		ns	(Note 1)	
14	TDIS	Output disable time	_	20	ns	—	
15	THS	HOLD setup time	10	—	ns	—	
16	Тнн	HOLD hold time	10		ns	—	
17	THZ	HOLD low to output High-Z	10	—	ns	—	
18	Тнν	HOLD high to output valid	—	50	ns	—	

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

TABLE 1-3: AC TEST CONDITIONS

AC Waveform:					
Input pulse level	0.1 Vcc to 0.9 Vcc				
Input rise/fall time	5 ns				
CL = 30 pF —					
Timing Measurement Reference Level:					
Input	0.5 Vcc				
Output	0.5 Vcc				

FIGURE 1-1: HOLD TIMING

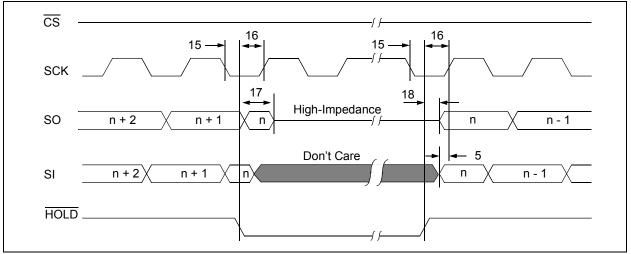


FIGURE 1-2: SERIAL INPUT TIMING (SPI MODE)

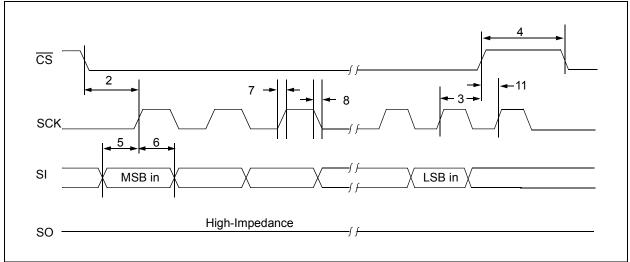
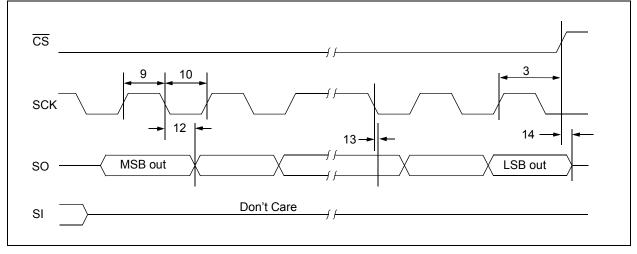


FIGURE 1-3: SERIAL OUTPUT TIMING (SPI MODE)



2.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

2.1 **Principles of Operation**

The 23A1024/23LC1024 is an 1 Mbit Serial SRAM designed to interface directly with the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) port of many of today's popular microcontroller families, including Microchip's PIC[®] microcontrollers. It may also interface with microcontrollers that do not have a built-in SPI port by using discrete I/O lines programmed properly in firmware to match the SPI protocol. In addition, the 23A1024/23LC1024 is also capable of operating in SDI/SQI high speed SPI mode.

The 23A1024/23LC1024 contains an 8-bit instruction register. The device is accessed via the SI pin, with data being clocked in on the rising edge of SCK. The $\overline{\text{CS}}$ pin must be low for the entire operation.

Table 2-1 contains a list of the possible instruction bytes and format for device operation. All instructions, addresses and data are transferred MSB first, LSB last.

2.2 Modes of Operation

The 23X1024 has three modes of operation that are selected by setting bits 7 and 6 in the MODE register. The modes of operation are Byte, Page and Burst.

Byte Operation – is selected when bits 7 and 6 in the MODE register are set to 00. In this mode, the read/ write operations are limited to only one byte. The Command followed by the 24-bit address is clocked into the device and the data to/from the device is transferred on the next eight clocks (Figure 2-1, Figure 2-2).

Page Operation – is selected when bits 7 and 6 in the MODE register are set to 10. The 23X1024 has 4096 pages of 32 bytes. In this mode, the read and write operations are limited to within the addressed page (the address is automatically incremented internally). If the data being read or written reaches the page boundary, then the internal address counter will increment to the start of the page (Figure 2-3, Figure 2-4).

Sequential Operation – is selected when bits 7 and 6 in the MODE register are set to 01. Sequential operation allows the entire array to be written to and read from. The internal address counter is automatically incremented and page boundaries are ignored. When the internal address counter reaches the end of the array, the address counter will roll over to 0×00000 (Figure 2-5, Figure 2-6).

2.3 Read Sequence

The device is selected by pulling \overline{CS} low. The 8-bit READ instruction is transmitted to the 23A1024/ 23LC1024 followed by the 24-bit address, with the first seven MSB's of the address being a "don't care" bit. After the correct READ instruction and address are sent, the data stored in the memory at the selected address is shifted out on the SO pin.

If operating in Sequential mode, the data stored in the memory at the next address can be read sequentially by continuing to provide clock pulses. The internal Address Pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address after each byte of data is shifted out. When the highest address is reached (1FFFFh), the address counter rolls over to address 00000h, allowing the read cycle to be continued indefinitely. The read operation is terminated by raising the CS pin.

2.4 Write Sequence

Prior to any attempt to write data to the 23A1024/23LC1024, the device must be selected by bringing \overline{CS} low.

Once the device is selected, the Write command can be started by issuing a WRITE instruction, followed by the 24-bit address, with the first seven MSB's of the address being a "don't care" bit, and then the data to be written. A write is terminated by the \overline{CS} being brought high.

If operating in Page mode, after the initial data byte is shifted in, additional bytes can be shifted into the device. The Address Pointer is automatically incremented. This operation can continue for the entire page (32 bytes) before data will start to be overwritten.

If operating in Sequential mode, after the initial data byte is shifted in, additional bytes can be clocked into the device. The internal Address Pointer is automatically incremented. When the Address Pointer reaches the highest address (1FFFFh), the address counter rolls over to (00000h). This allows the operation to continue indefinitely, however, previous data will be overwritten.

TABLE 2-1: INSTRUCTION SET

Instruction Name	Instruction Format	Hex Code	Description
READ	0000 0011	0x03	Read data from memory array beginning at selected address
WRITE	0000 0010	0x02	Write data to memory array beginning at selected address
EDIO	0011 1011	0x3B	Enter Dual I/O access
EQIO	0011 1000	0x38	Enter Quad I/O access
RSTIO	1111 1111	0xFF	Reset Dual and Quad I/O access
RDMR	0000 0101	0x05	Read Mode Register
WRMR	0000 0001	0x01	Write Mode Register

FIGURE 2-1: BYTE READ SEQUENCE (SPI MODE)

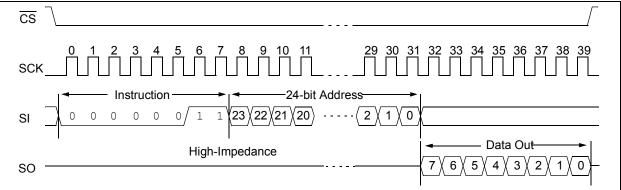
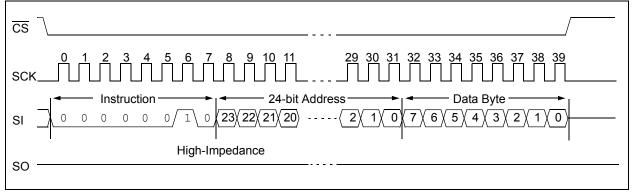
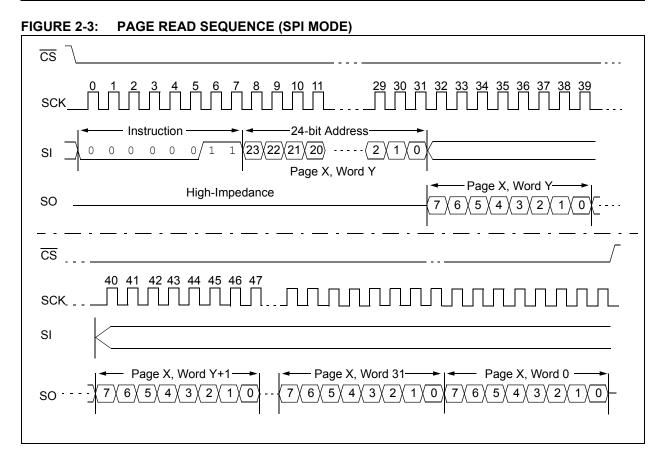
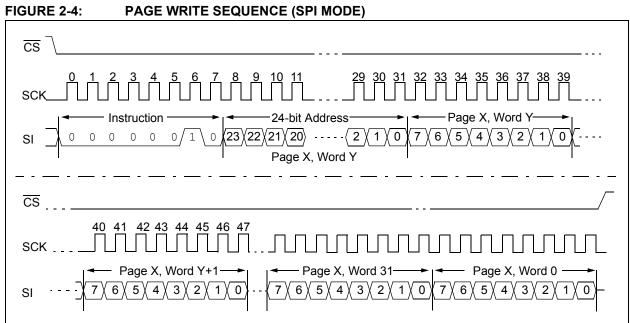


FIGURE 2-2: BYTE WRITE SEQUENCE (SPI MODE)







DS20005142B-page 7

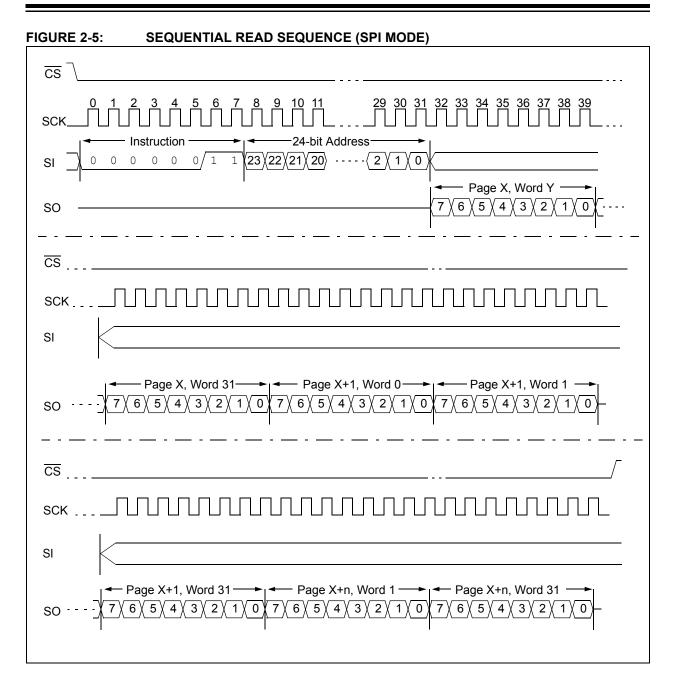


FIGURE 2-6:	SEQUENTIAL WRITE SEQUENCE (SPI MODE)
0 1 2 scк1_1	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
	struction $ -$
<u>cs</u>	ſ
40 41 scк	42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55
$SI \cdots \sqrt{7/6}$	$ \begin{array}{c} - \text{ Data Byte } 2 & & & \\ \hline \hline & & \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline & & \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline & & \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline$

2.5 **Read Mode Register Instruction** (RDMR)

The Read Mode Register instruction (RDMR) provides access to the MODE register. The MODE register may be read at any time. The MODE register is formatted as follows:

TABLE 2-2: MODE REGISTER

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
W/R	W/R	-	-	Ι	-	-	-
MODE	MODE	0	0	0	0	0	0
W/R = writable/readable							

The mode bits indicate the operating mode of the SRAM. The possible modes of operation are:

- 0 0 = Byte mode
- 1 0 = Page mode
- 0 1 = Sequential mode (default operation)
- 1 1 = Reserved

Bits 0 through 5 are reserved and should always be set to '0'.

See Figure 2-7 for the RDMR timing sequence.

CS 10 11 12 13 14 15 SCK Instruction 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 SI Data from MODE Register High-Impedance 6 5 3 2 7 4 0 1 SO

FIGURE 2-7: READ MODE REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE (RDMR)

2.6 Write Mode Register Instruction (WRMR)

The Write Mode Register instruction (WRMR) allows the user to write to the bits in the MODE register as shown in Table 2-2. This allows for setting of the Device operating mode. Several of the bits in the MODE register must be cleared to '0'. See Figure 2-8 for the WRMR timing sequence.

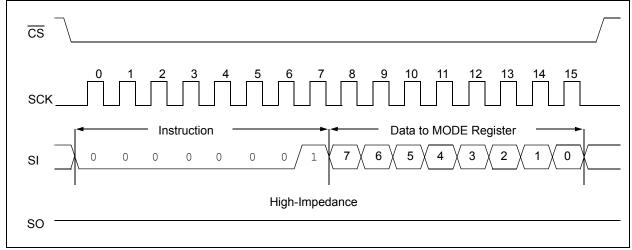


FIGURE 2-8: WRITE MODE REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE (WRMR)

2.7 Power-On State

The 23A1024/23LC1024 powers on in the following state:

- The device is in low-power Standby mode $(\overline{CS} = 1)$
- A high-to-low-level transition on CS is required to enter active state

3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 3-1.

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Name	SOIC/ PDIP TSSOP	Function
CS	1	Chip Select Input
SO/SIO1	2	Serial Data Output/SDI/SQI Pin
SIO2	3	SQI Pin
Vss	4	Ground
SI/SIO0	5	Serial Data Input/SDI/SQI Pin
SCK	6	Serial Clock Input
HOLD/SIO3	7	Hold/SQI Pin
Vcc	8	Power Supply

3.1 Chip Select (CS)

A low level on this pin selects the device. A high level deselects the device and forces it into Standby mode. When the device is deselected, SO goes to the high-impedance state, allowing multiple parts to share the same SPI bus. After power-up, a low level on $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is required, prior to any sequence being initiated.

3.2 Serial Output (SO)

The SO pin is used to transfer data out of the 23A1024/ 23LC1024. During a read cycle, data is shifted out on this pin after the falling edge of the serial clock.

3.3 Serial Input (SI)

The SI pin is used to transfer data into the device. It receives instructions, addresses, and data. Data is latched on the rising edge of the serial clock.

3.4 Serial Dual Interface Pins(SIO0, SIO1)

The SIO0 and SIO1 pins are used for SDI mode of operation. Functionality of these I/O pins is shared with SO and SI.

3.5 Serial Quad Interface Pins (SIO0 – SIO3)

The SIO0 through SIO3 pins are used for SQI mode of operation. Because of the shared functionality of these pins the HOLD feature is not available when using SQI mode.

3.6 Serial Clock (SCK)

The SCK is used to synchronize the communication between a master and the 23A1024/23LC1024. Instructions, addresses or data present on the SI pin are latched on the rising edge of the clock input, while data on the SO pin is updated after the falling edge of the clock input.

3.7 Hold Function (HOLD)

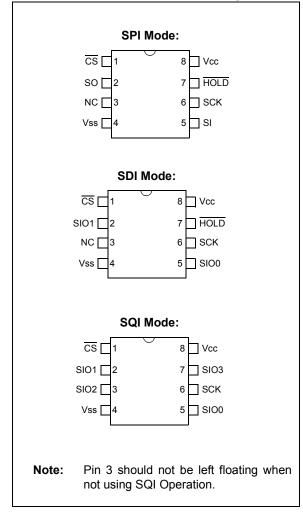
The $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ pin is used to suspend transmission to the 23A1024/23LC1024 while in the middle of a serial sequence without having to re-transmit the entire sequence over again. It must be held high any time this function is not being used. Once the device is selected and a serial sequence is underway, the $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ pin may be pulled low to pause further serial communication without resetting the serial sequence.

The $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ pin should be brought low while SCK is low, otherwise the HOLD function will not be invoked until the next SCK high-to-low transition. The 23A1024/23LC1024 must remain selected during this sequence. The SI and SCK levels are "don't cares" during the time the device is paused and any transitions on these pins will be ignored. To resume serial communication, $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ should be brought high while the SCK pin is low, otherwise serial communication will not be resumed until the next SCK high-to-low transition.

The SO line will tri-state immediately upon a high-to low transition of the HOLD pin, and will begin outputting again immediately upon a subsequent lowto-high transition of the HOLD pin, independent of the state of SCK.

Hold functionality is not available when operating in SQI mode.





4.0 DUAL AND QUAD SERIAL MODE

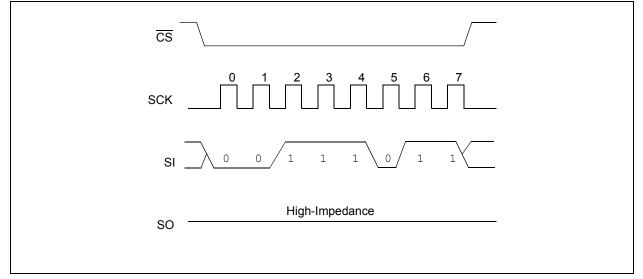
The 23A1024/23LC1024 also supports SDI (Serial Dual) and SQI (Serial Quad) mode of operation when used with compatible master devices. As a convention for SDI mode of operation, two bits are entered per clock using the SIO0 and SIO1 pins. Bits are clocked MSB first.

For SQI mode of operation, four bits of data are entered per clock, or one nibble per clock. The nibbles are clocked MSB first.

4.1 Dual Interface Mode

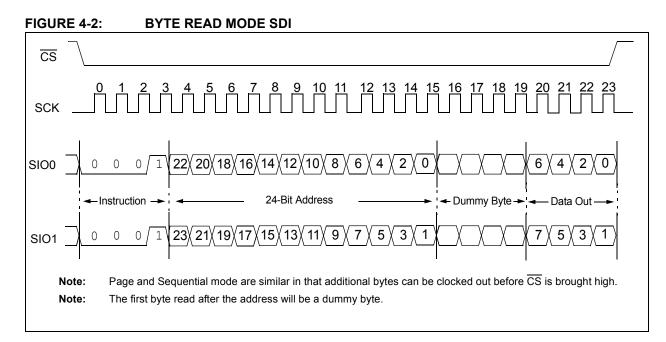
The 23A1024/23LC1024 supports Serial Dual Input (SDI) mode of operation. To enter SDI mode the EDIO command must be clocked in (Figure 4-1). It should be noted that if the MCU resets before the SRAM, the user will need to determine the serial mode of operation of the SRAM and reset it accordingly. Byte read and write sequence in SDI mode is shown in Figure 4-2 and Figure 4-3.

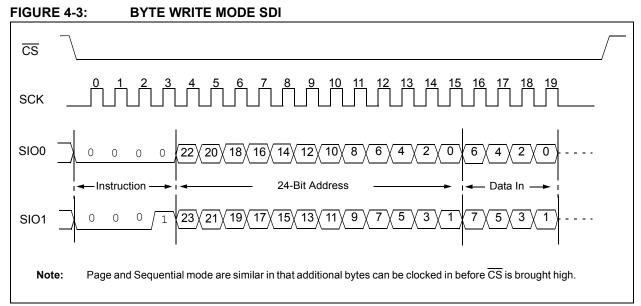




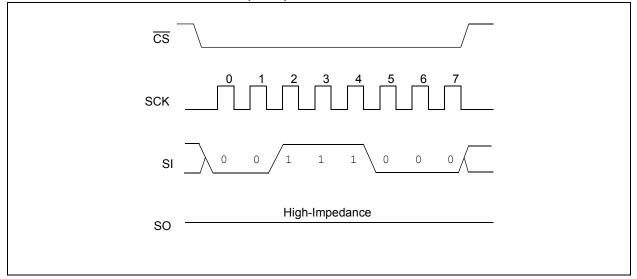
4.2 Quad Interface Mode

In addition to the Serial Dual interface (SDI) mode of operation Serial Quad Interface (SQI) is also supported. In this mode the HOLD functionality is not available. To enter SQI mode the EQIO command must be clocked in (Figure 4-4).









4.3 Exit SDI or SQI Mode

To exit from SDI mode, the RSTIO command must be issued. The command must be entered in the current device configuration, either SDI or SQI, see Figure 4-7 and Figure 4-8.

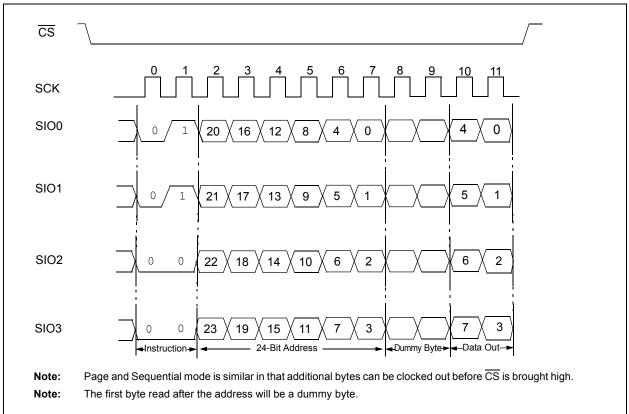


FIGURE 4-5: BYTE READ MODE SQI

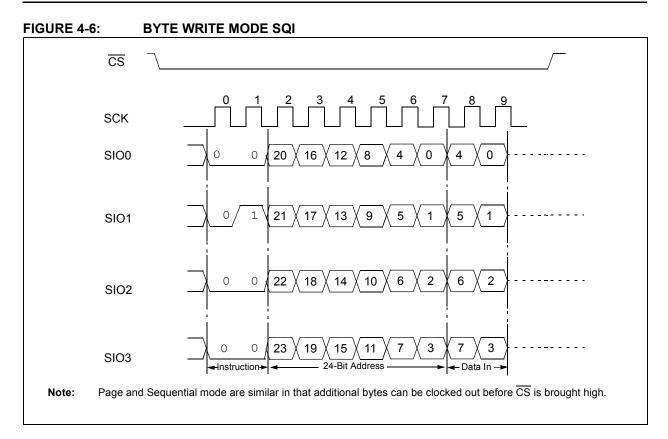


FIGURE 4-7: RESET SDI MODE (RSTIO) – FROM SDI MODE

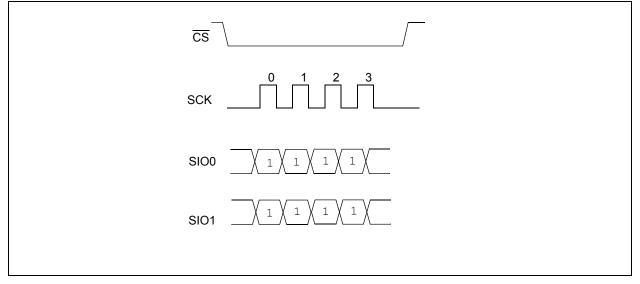
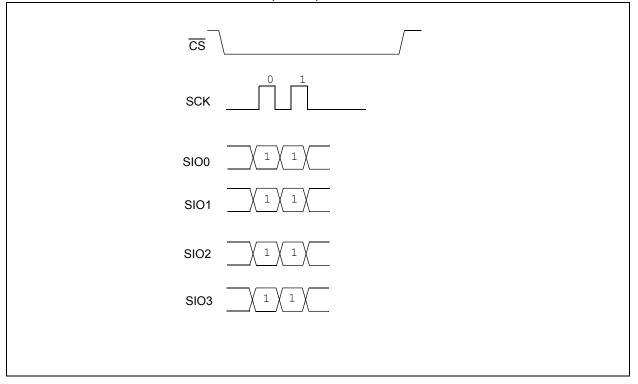
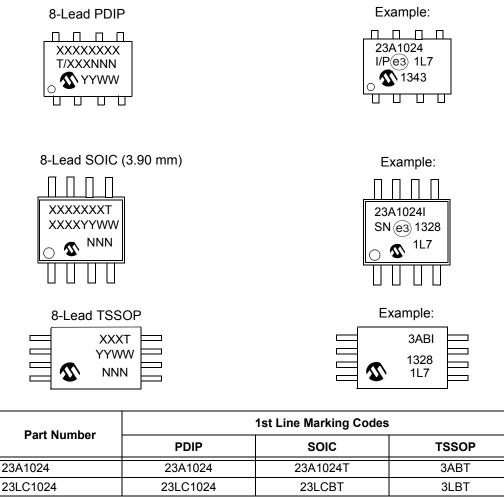


FIGURE 4-8: RESET SDI/SQI MODE (RSTIO) – FROM SQI MODE



5.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

5.1 Package Marking Information

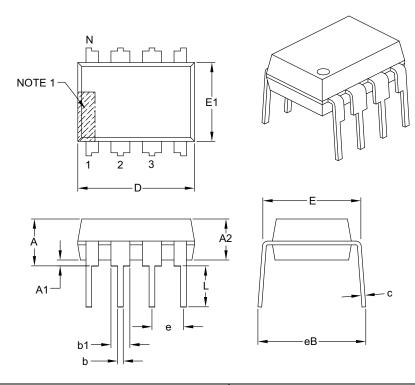


Note: T = Temperature grade (I, E)

Legend	I: XXX T YY YY WW NNN @3	Part number or part number code Temperature (I, E) Year code (last digit of calendar year) Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year) Week code (week of January 1 is week '01') Alphanumeric traceability code (2 characters for small packages) Pb-free JEDEC [®] designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
Note:		mall packages with no room for the Pb-free JEDEC [®] designator narking will only appear on the outer carton or reel label.
Note:	be carrie	nt the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will d over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available s for customer-specific information.

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) – 300 mil Body [PDIP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units	INCHES		
Dimensior	n Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	е		.100 BSC	
Top to Seating Plane	Α	-	-	.210
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.195
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015	-	-
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.290	.310	.325
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.280
Overall Length	D	.348	.365	.400
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.115	.130	.150
Lead Thickness	С	.008	.010	.015
Upper Lead Width	b1	.040	.060	.070
Lower Lead Width	b	.014	.018	.022
Overall Row Spacing §	eВ	-	_	.430

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located with the hatched area.

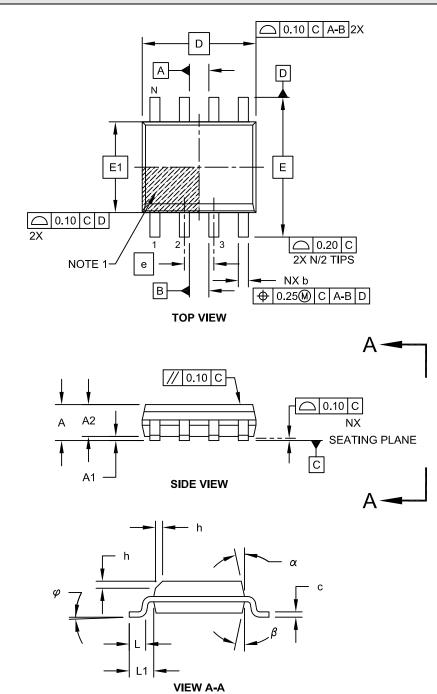
2. § Significant Characteristic.

3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.

4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-018B



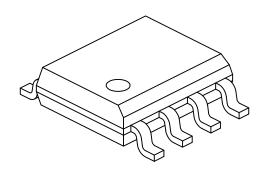
8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins N		8		
Pitch	е	1.27 BSC		
Overall Height	Α	- 1.75		1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	-	-
Standoff §	A1	0.10	-	0.25
Overall Width		6.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	3.90 BSC		
Overall Length	D	4.90 BSC		
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25	-	0.50
Foot Length	L	0.40	-	1.27
Footprint L1		1.04 REF		
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	С	0.17	-	0.25
Lead Width	b	0.31	-	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.

2. § Significant Characteristic

3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.

4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

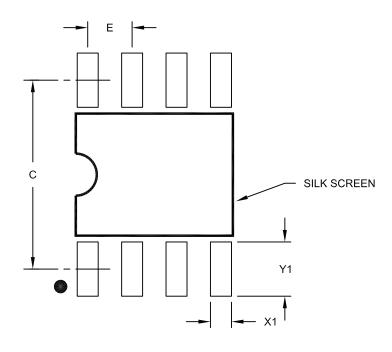
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	1.27 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	С		5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55

Notes:

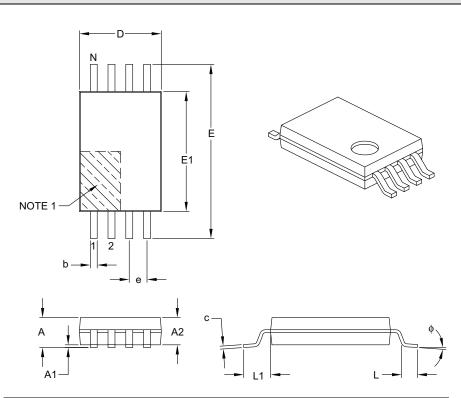
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2057A

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension	n Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Number of Pins N		8			
Pitch	е	0.65 BSC			
Overall Height	Α	-	-	1.20	
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.80	1.00	1.05	
Standoff	A1	0.05	-	0.15	
Overall Width	E	6.40 BSC			
Molded Package Width	E1	4.30	4.40	4.50	
Molded Package Length	D	2.90	3.00	3.10	
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75	
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF			
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°	
Lead Thickness	с	0.09	-	0.20	
Lead Width	b	0.19	_	0.30	

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.

2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.

3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

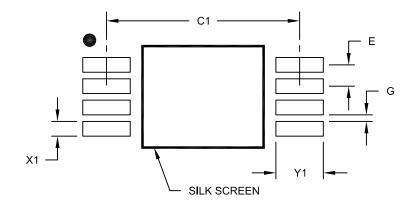
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086B

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.65 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		5.90	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.45
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.45
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2086A

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (July 2012)

Initial release.

Revision B (November 2013)

Added E-temp specs.

THE MICROCHIP WEB SITE

Microchip provides online support via our WWW site at www.microchip.com. This web site is used as a means to make files and information easily available to customers. Accessible by using your favorite Internet browser, the web site contains the following information:

- Product Support Data sheets and errata, application notes and sample programs, design resources, user's guides and hardware support documents, latest software releases and archived software
- General Technical Support Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ), technical support requests, online discussion groups, Microchip consultant program member listing
- Business of Microchip Product selector and ordering guides, latest Microchip press releases, listing of seminars and events, listings of Microchip sales offices, distributors and factory representatives

CUSTOMER CHANGE NOTIFICATION SERVICE

Microchip's customer notification service helps keep customers current on Microchip products. Subscribers will receive e-mail notification whenever there are changes, updates, revisions or errata related to a specified product family or development tool of interest.

To register, access the Microchip web site at www.microchip.com. Under "Support", click on "Customer Change Notification" and follow the registration instructions.

CUSTOMER SUPPORT

Users of Microchip products can receive assistance through several channels:

- Distributor or Representative
- Local Sales Office
- Field Application Engineer (FAE)
- Technical Support

Customers should contact their distributor, representative or Field Application Engineer (FAE) for support. Local sales offices are also available to help customers. A listing of sales offices and locations is included in the back of this document.

Technical support is available through the web site at: http://microchip.com/support

NOTES:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office. Not all possible ordering options are shown below.

PART NO	<u>. x</u>	- <u>x /xx</u>	Examples:
Device	e Tape & R	eel Temp Range Package	 a) 23A1024-I/ST = 1 Mbit, 1.7-2.2V Serial SRAM, Industrial temp., TSSOP package b) 23LC1024T-I/SN = 1 Mbit, 2.5-5.5V Serial SRAM, Industrial temp., Tape & Reel, SOIC
Device:	23A1024 = 23LC1024 =	1 Mbit, 1.7 - 2.2V, SPI Serial SRAM 1 Mbit, 2.5 - 5.5V, SPI Serial SRAM	 c) 23LC1024-I/P = 1 Mbit, 2.5-5.5V Serial SRAM, Industrial temp., PDIP package d) 23A1024-E/ST = 1 Mbit, 1.7-2.2V Serial
Tape & Reel:	Blank = T =	Standard packaging (tube) Tape & Reel	 SRAM, Extended temp., TSSOP package e) 23LC1024T-E/SN = 1 Mbit, 2.5-5.5V Serial
Temperature Range:	I = E =	-40°C to +85°C -40°C to +125°C	 SRAM, Extended temp., Tape & Reel, SOIC package f) 23LC1024-E/P = 1 Mbit, 2.5-5.5V Serial SRAM, Extended temp., PDIP package
Package:	SN = ST = P =	Plastic SOIC (3.90 mm body), 8-lead Plastic TSSOP (4.4 mm body), 8-lead Plastic PDIP (300 mil body), 8-lead	

NOTES:

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product as "unbreakable."

Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Microchip are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products. Attempts to break Microchip's code protection feature may be a violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. If such acts allow unauthorized access to your software or other copyrighted work, you may have a right to sue for relief under that Act.

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is provided only for your convenience and may be superseded by updates. It is your responsibility to ensure that your application meets with your specifications. MICROCHIP MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, RELATED TO THE INFORMATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ITS CONDITION, QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PURPOSE. Microchip disclaims all liability arising from this information and its use. Use of Microchip devices in life support and/or safety applications is entirely at the buyer's risk, and the buyer agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Microchip from any and all damages, claims, suits, or expenses resulting from such use. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any Microchip intellectual property rights.

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CERTIFIED BY DNV = ISO/TS 16949=

Trademarks

The Microchip name and logo, the Microchip logo, dsPIC, FlashFlex, KEELOQ, KEELOQ logo, MPLAB, PIC, PICmicro, PICSTART, PIC³² logo, rfPIC, SST, SST Logo, SuperFlash and UNI/O are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

FilterLab, Hampshire, HI-TECH C, Linear Active Thermistor, MTP, SEEVAL and The Embedded Control Solutions Company are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Silicon Storage Technology is a registered trademark of Microchip Technology Inc. in other countries.

Analog-for-the-Digital Age, Application Maestro, BodyCom, chipKIT, chipKIT logo, CodeGuard, dsPICDEM, dsPICDEM.net, dsPICworks, dsSPEAK, ECAN, ECONOMONITOR, FanSense, HI-TIDE, In-Circuit Serial Programming, ICSP, Mindi, MiWi, MPASM, MPF, MPLAB Certified logo, MPLIB, MPLINK, mTouch, Omniscient Code Generation, PICC, PICC-18, PICDEM, PICDEM.net, PICkit, PICtail, REAL ICE, rfLAB, Select Mode, SQI, Serial Quad I/O, Total Endurance, TSHARC, UniWinDriver, WiperLock, ZENA and Z-Scale are trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

SQTP is a service mark of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

GestIC and ULPP are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Germany II GmbH & Co. KG, a subsidiary of Microchip Technology Inc., in other countries.

All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies.

© 2012-2013, Microchip Technology Incorporated, Printed in the U.S.A., All Rights Reserved.

Printed on recycled paper.

ISBN: 9781620776162

Microchip received ISO/TS-16949:2009 certification for its worldwide headquarters, design and wafer fabrication facilities in Chandler and Tempe, Arizona; Gresham, Oregon and design centers in California and India. The Company's quality system processes and procedures are for its PIC® MCUs and dsPIC® DSCs, KEELOQ® code hopping devices, Serial EEPROMs, microperipherals, nonvolatile memory and analog products. In addition, Microchip's quality system for the design and mulfacture of development systems is ISO 9001:2000 certified.



Worldwide Sales and Service

AMERICAS

Corporate Office 2355 West Chandler Blvd. Chandler, AZ 85224-6199 Tel: 480-792-7200 Fax: 480-792-7277 Technical Support: http://www.microchip.com/ support

Web Address: www.microchip.com

Atlanta Duluth, GA Tel: 678-957-9614 Fax: 678-957-1455

Austin, TX Tel: 512-257-3370

Boston Westborough, MA Tel: 774-760-0087 Fax: 774-760-0088

Chicago Itasca, IL Tel: 630-285-0071 Fax: 630-285-0075

Cleveland Independence, OH Tel: 216-447-0464 Fax: 216-447-0643

Dallas Addison, TX Tel: 972-818-7423 Fax: 972-818-2924

Detroit Novi, MI Tel: 248-848-4000

Houston, TX Tel: 281-894-5983

Indianapolis Noblesville, IN Tel: 317-773-8323 Fax: 317-773-5453

Los Angeles Mission Viejo, CA Tel: 949-462-9523 Fax: 949-462-9608

New York, NY Tel: 631-435-6000

San Jose, CA Tel: 408-735-9110

Canada - Toronto Tel: 905-673-0699 Fax: 905-673-6509

ASIA/PACIFIC

Asia Pacific Office Suites 3707-14, 37th Floor Tower 6, The Gateway Harbour City, Kowloon Hong Kong Tel: 852-2401-1200 Fax: 852-2401-3431

Australia - Sydney Tel: 61-2-9868-6733 Fax: 61-2-9868-6755

China - Beijing Tel: 86-10-8569-7000 Fax: 86-10-8528-2104

China - Chengdu Tel: 86-28-8665-5511 Fax: 86-28-8665-7889

China - Chongqing Tel: 86-23-8980-9588 Fax: 86-23-8980-9500

China - Hangzhou Tel: 86-571-2819-3187

Fax: 86-571-2819-3189 China - Hong Kong SAR

Tel: 852-2943-5100 Fax: 852-2401-3431

China - Nanjing Tel: 86-25-8473-2460 Fax: 86-25-8473-2470

China - Qingdao Tel: 86-532-8502-7355 Fax: 86-532-8502-7205

China - Shanghai Tel: 86-21-5407-5533 Fax: 86-21-5407-5066

China - Shenyang Tel: 86-24-2334-2829 Fax: 86-24-2334-2393

China - Shenzhen Tel: 86-755-8864-2200 Fax: 86-755-8203-1760

China - Wuhan Tel: 86-27-5980-5300 Fax: 86-27-5980-5118

China - Xian Tel: 86-29-8833-7252 Fax: 86-29-8833-7256

China - Xiamen Tel: 86-592-2388138 Fax: 86-592-2388130

China - Zhuhai Tel: 86-756-3210040 Fax: 86-756-3210049

ASIA/PACIFIC

India - Bangalore Tel: 91-80-3090-4444 Fax: 91-80-3090-4123

India - New Delhi Tel: 91-11-4160-8631 Fax: 91-11-4160-8632

India - Pune Tel: 91-20-3019-1500

Japan - Osaka Tel: 81-6-6152-7160 Fax: 81-6-6152-9310

Japan - Tokyo Tel: 81-3-6880- 3770 Fax: 81-3-6880-3771

Korea - Daegu Tel: 82-53-744-4301 Fax: 82-53-744-4302

Korea - Seoul Tel: 82-2-554-7200 Fax: 82-2-558-5932 or 82-2-558-5934

Malaysia - Kuala Lumpur Tel: 60-3-6201-9857 Fax: 60-3-6201-9859

Malaysia - Penang Tel: 60-4-227-8870 Fax: 60-4-227-4068

Philippines - Manila Tel: 63-2-634-9065 Fax: 63-2-634-9069

Singapore Tel: 65-6334-8870 Fax: 65-6334-8850

Taiwan - Hsin Chu Tel: 886-3-5778-366 Fax: 886-3-5770-955

Taiwan - Kaohsiung Tel: 886-7-213-7830

Taiwan - Taipei Tel: 886-2-2508-8600 Fax: 886-2-2508-0102

Thailand - Bangkok Tel: 66-2-694-1351 Fax: 66-2-694-1350

EUROPE

Austria - Wels Tel: 43-7242-2244-39 Fax: 43-7242-2244-393 Denmark - Copenhagen Tel: 45-4450-2828 Fax: 45-4485-2829

France - Paris Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20 Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

Germany - Dusseldorf Tel: 49-2129-3766400

Germany - Munich Tel: 49-89-627-144-0 Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Germany - Pforzheim Tel: 49-7231-424750

Italy - Milan Tel: 39-0331-742611 Fax: 39-0331-466781

Italy - Venice Tel: 39-049-7625286

Netherlands - Drunen Tel: 31-416-690399 Fax: 31-416-690340

Poland - Warsaw Tel: 48-22-3325737

Spain - Madrid Tel: 34-91-708-08-90 Fax: 34-91-708-08-91

Sweden - Stockholm Tel: 46-8-5090-4654

UK - Wokingham Tel: 44-118-921-5800 Fax: 44-118-921-5820

10/28/13

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Microchip:

<u>23A1024-E/P</u> <u>23A1024T-I/ST</u> <u>23A1024T-I/SN</u> <u>23A1024T-E/SN</u> <u>23LC1024-E/P</u> <u>23A1024-E/SN</u> <u>23A1024T-E/ST</u> 23LC1024-E/SN 23LC1024T-E/SN 23LC1024T-E/ST 23LC1024-E/ST 23A1024-E/ST